

08 August 2018

Securities & Exchange Commission

Secretariat Building, PICC Complex Roxas Blvd, Metro Manila

Philippine Stock Exchange

Disclosure Department 3/F PSE Plaza, Ayala Triangle Plaza Makati City, Metro Manila

Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corporation

37th Floor, Tower 1, The Enterprise Center 6766 Ayala Ave. corner Paseo de Roxas Makati, 1226 Metro Manila, Philippines

Attention: Hon. Vicente Graciano P. Felizmenio, Jr.

Director, Market and Securities Regulation Department

Securities & Exchange Commission

Ms. Janet A. Encarnacion

Head, Disclosure Department Philippine Stock Exchange

Ms. Vina Vanessa S. Salonga

Head - Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department (ICDD)

Sir and Mesdames:

We would like to submit the Company's Second Quarter Report for period ended 30 June 2018 (SEC 17Q) in compliance with the Securities Regulation Code and Revised Disclosure Rules.

Thank you and warm regards.

Very truly yours,

Atty. Socorro Ermac Cabreros

Corporate Secretary

COVER SHEET

													1					1		
											Α	2	0	0	2	0	7	2	8	3
												S	S.E.C	. Reg	istrat	ion N	lumb	er		
																		1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
P-	H-	0-	E-	N-	Į-	X		Р	Е	Т	R	0	L	Е	U	М				
Р	Н	I	L	I	Р	Р	I	N	Е	S		I	N	C.						
	•	•			•	•					•		•							
						P-H	-O-E							nes,	Inc.	_				
								(C	Comp	any's	Full	Nam	e)							
_										_		1	_			-	_	ı		_
S	Т	Е	L	L	Α		Н		Z	0	N		R	Ε	Υ	Е	S		R	D.
В	0.		Р	Α	М	Р	Α	N	G	Α		L	Α	N	Α	N	G			
D	Α	٧	Α	0		С	I	Т	Υ											
	ı				(Bus	ines	s Add	ress	No.	Stree	et City	/ / To	wn /	Provi	nce)					
			<u> </u>						1						/0/	20) 0	20.04	100		
			Conta		A. Uy									Com		82) 2:		ne Nu	mher	
			COIII	act i	CISOI	'								COII	ipariy	1010	prior		Frida	
1	2]	3	1	1				SEC	Fori	n 17	-Q				;	3]		X
	nth	_		ay					F	ORM	TYF	Έ					nth			ay
Fi	scal \	Year	Endi	ng													Annı	ıal Me	eeting	1
						ĺ									1					
							Sec	onda	rv Lio	cense	Tyn	e if a	nnlic	ahle	ļ					
							000	orida	y	501150	, 1) P	O, 11 C	фрис	abic						
	Dep	t. Re	quirin	g this	Doc									Ame	ended	d Artio	cles N	lumb	er/Se	ction
													Tota	ıl Amo	unt of	Dorro	wingo			
						1							1018	AIIIO	1	DOITO	wiiigs			
То	tal No	o. of	Stock	hold	ers	ı					D	omes	tic		1		F	oreig	jn	L
					To	be a	ccon	nolish	ed b	v SF(C Pei	sonn	el Co	oncer	ned					
					. •			٠,٥		, – .										
					<u> </u>													-		
			File	Nun	nber									LCU						
	l							l	Ī											
		<u> </u>	Docu	ımen	t I.D.	<u> </u>							(Cashi	er			_		
							Ì													
1							l													

Remarks = pls. use black ink for scanning purposes

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q, AS AMENDED

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1. For the quarterly period ended: June 30, 2018

2. SEC identification number: A200207283

3. BIR Tax Identification No. 006-036-274

4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its **P-H-O**

charter

P-H-O-E-N-I-X PETROLEUM PHILIPPINES, INC.

5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization

Davao City, Philippines.

6. Industry Classification Code.

(SEC Use Only)

7. Address of issuer's principal office:

Stella Hizon Reyes Road, Bo. Pampanga, Lanang, Davao City

Postal Code: 8000

8. Issuer's telephone number, including

area code:

(082) 235-8888

9. Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report:

Not Applicable

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of each class	Number of Shares
	Outstanding
COMMON	1,433,739,232
PREFERRED	25,000,000

Amount of Debt Outstanding as of June 30, 2018:

Php 33,368,083,762.00

11. Are any or all of the securities listed on the Stock Exchange?

Yes [✓] No []

If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of securities listed therein:

Philippine Stock Exchange

12. Check whether the issuer has:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the SRC and SRC Rule 17.1 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, 26 Sections and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports):

Yes [✓] No []

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days:

Yes [✓] No []

TABLE OF CONTENT

	Particulars/Description	Page
Part I - Fin	ancial Statements	1 - 102
Part 1 -	Consolidated Statements of Financial Position	1
	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive	2
	Income	
	Consolidated Statements of Changes to Equity	3
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	4
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	5 – 29
Item II	Management Discussion and Analysis of	
	Financial Condition and Results of Operation	30 - 34
Part II - Ot	her Information	34 - 35
Signatures		36

P-H-O-E-N-I-X PETROLEUM PHILIPPINES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

(With Comparative Figures as of December 31, 2017) (Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Notes	June 30, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables - net Inventories - net Due from related parties Restricted deposits Input value-added tax - net	6 6 7 11 6	P 2,892,201,467 12,256,606,999 6,625,963,097 248,091,033 51,935,522 988,014,426	P 1,831,542,441 7,509,198,377 12,969,947,045 518,004,898 51,281,559 1,773,091,281
Prepayments and other current assets		1,007,308,163	581,435,883
Total Current Assets		24,070,120,707	25,234,501,484
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment - net Investment in Joint Venture Investment properties Intangible assets - net Goodwill - net Deferred tax assets - net Other non-current assets	9	15,425,777,230 45,353,131 1,114,430,242 293,507,798 4,499,542,283 263,418,325 416,494,184	13,400,687,345
Total Non-current Assets		22,058,523,193	19,236,398,989
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		P 46,128,643,900	P 44,470,900,473
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Interest-bearing loans and borrowing Trade and other payables Income tax payable Total Current Liabilities	10	P 17,888,779,486 2,746,480,043 2,499,164 20,637,758,693	P 16,796,874,145 3,832,668,620 17,301,439 20,646,844,204
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Interest-bearing loans and borrowing Other non-current liabilities	10	12,103,941,851 626,383,218	11,374,559,853 497,806,312
Total Non-current Liabili	ties	12,730,325,069	11,872,366,165
Total Liabilit	ies	33,368,083,762	32,519,210,369
EQUITY Capital stock Additional paid-in capital Revaluation reserves Other reserves Accumulated translation adjustment Retained earnings Minority Interest Total Equity	12	1,458,739,232 5,726,323,403 (2,306,048) (732,561,564) 33,148,340 6,276,496,535 720,241 12,760,560,139	1,456,538,232 5,709,303,309 (2,306,049) (730,361,725) (6,065,195) 5,524,581,532
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		P 46,128,643,901	P 44,470,900,473

P-H-O-E-N-I-X PETROLEUM PHILIPPINES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 and 2017 (UNAUDITED) (Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

			YTD J	ınuary -]	une		2nd Quarter	r (April -	June)
	Notes		2018		2017		2018		2017
REVENUES Sale of goods Fuel service and other revenues Rent and storage income	11	P	40,045,666,478 170,046,763 32,438,940 40,248,152,181	P	18,713,947,383 127,400,466 47,284,246 18,888,632,095	P	22,049,470,657 95,941,517 20,060,922 22,165,473,096	P	10,048,296,571 92,935,942 20,445,789 10,161,678,302
COST AND EXPENSES Cost of sales and services Selling and administrative expenses			35,813,144,202 2,734,468,474 38,547,612,676	_ _	16,054,430,860 1,813,016,915 17,867,447,775	_	20,066,898,633 1,203,671,564 21,270,570,197		8,548,828,749 995,237,957 9,544,066,706
OTHER CHARGES (INCOME) Finance costs Finance income Others - net		(659,568,608 38,549,572) 11,547,694) 609,471,342	(334,207,289 7,514,940) 3,245) 326,689,104	,	332,930,483 30,738,653) 8,502,134) 293,689,696	((261,294,030 3,949,847) 3,245) 257,340,938
PROFIT BEFORE TAX			1,091,068,163		694,495,216		601,213,203		360,270,658
TAX EXPENSE			121,270,585	_	84,415,208		70,105,978		32,497,572
NET PROFIT		P	969,797,578	P	610,080,008	P	531,107,225	P	327,773,086
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Item that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Translation adjustment related to a foreign subsidiary			39,213,535				13,150,000		
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Remeasurements of post-employment defined benefit obligation Tax expense Revaluation of tankers			- - -	_ _ _	<u>-</u>	- <u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Other Comprehensive Income - net of tax			39,213,535	_	<u> </u>		13,150,000		-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		<u>P</u>	1,009,011,113	<u>P</u>	610,080,008	P	544,257,225	P	327,773,086
Basic and Diluted Earnings per share		P	0.61	P	0.36				

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

P-H-O-E-N-LX PETROLEUM PHILIPPINES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017 (Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

					Capi	tal Stoc	k																			
					Preferred sury Stock -			Tr	Common easury Stock -				Additional	I	Revaluation		Other		Accumulated Translation		Retained		Total Equity	Non	Controlling	TOTAL
	Notes	Prefe	erred Stock		At Cost	С	Common Stock		At Cost		Total	I	Paid-in Capital		Reserves		Reserves		Adjustment		Earnings		Attributable to the areholders of Parent	I	nterest	
Balance at January 1, 2018		3	30,000,000,00		(5,000,000.00)		1,431,538,232.00		_		1,456,538,232.00		5,709,303,309.00		(2,306,049.00)		(730,361,725.00)		(6,065,195.00)		5,524,581,532.00		Company 11,951,690,104.00		_	11,951,690,104.00
Sale of treasury shares			-		-						,,				(, , ,		(,,-		(-,,		., ,, ,, ,					-
Stock Options Exercised Cash dividends							2,201,000.00				2,201,000.00		17,020,094.00							,	(222,861.00) 312,185,735)		18,998,233.00 (312,185,735)			18,998,233.00 (312,185,735.00)
Acquisition of shares during the year					-															,	312,103,733)		(312,103,733)		720,241	720,241.00
Issuance of shares during the year OCI of new subsidiary																,	2,199,839)						(2,199,839)			(2,199,839.00)
Translation adjustments during the year	ar				-											(2,177,037)		39,213,535		55,312,486		94,526,021			94,526,021.08
Total comprehensive income for the year																					1,009,011,113		1,009,011,113			1,009,011,113.00
ioi inc year																										-
Balance at June 30, 2018		P	30,000,000	(<u>P</u>	5,000,000)	P	1,433,739,232	_	-	P	1,458,739,232	P	5,726,323,403	(<u>P</u>	2,306,049)	(<u>P</u>	732,561,564	P	33,148,340	P	6,276,496,535	P	12,759,839,897	P	720,241	P 12,760,560,138
Balance at January 1, 2017		P	30,000,000	(P	5,000,000)	P	1,428,777,232	(P	330,679,783)		1,123,097,449.00		5,320,816,182.00		(12,148,102.00)		(730,361,725.00)		-		4,060,689,929.00		9,762,093,733.00			
Sale of treasury shares Cash dividends																				(233,663,383)		(233,663,383.00)			
Acquisition of shares during the year Issuance of shares during the year								(P	109,407,705)	(P	109,407,705)												(109,407,705.00)			
Share-based compensation Translation adjustments during the year																					5,794,933		5,794,933.00			
Total comprehensive income for the year																					610,080,008		610,080,008.00			
Balance at June 30, 2017		P	30,000,000	(<u>P</u>	5,000,000)	P	1,428,777,232	(<u>P</u>	440,087,488)	P	1,013,689,744	P	5,320,816,182	(<u>P</u>	12,148,102	(<u>P</u>	730,361,725)	_	-	P	4,442,901,487	P	10,034,897,586			
Balance at January 1, 2017		Р	30,000,000	(P	5.000.000)	Р	1,428,777,232	(P	330,679,783)	Р	1,123,097,449	Р	5,320,816,182	(P	12,148,102)	(P	730,361,725)		-	Р	4,060,689,929	Р	9,762,093,733			
Sale of treasury shares	28		-		-		-	`	440,087,488		440,087,488		367,136,612		-	,	-		-		-		807,224,100			
Cash dividends	28		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	(331,118,383)	(331,118,383)			
Acquisition of shares during the year	28		-		-		-	(109,407,705)	(109,407,705)		-		-		-		-		-	(109,407,705)			
Issuance of shares during the year	28		-		-		2,761,000		-		2,761,000		21,350,515		-		-		-	(8,429,034)		15,682,481			
Share-based compensation	24		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		11,589,866		11,589,866			
Translation adjustments during the year	2		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	(6,065,195)		-	(6,065,195)			
Total comprehensive income																										
for the year					-		-	_	-	_	-	_	-		9,842,053		-	_		_	1,791,849,154	_	1,801,691,207			
Balance at December 31, 2017		P	30,000,000	(<u>P</u>	5,000,000	P	1,431,538,232	P	-	P	1,456,538,232	P	5,709,303,309	(<u>P</u>	2,306,049)	(<u>P</u>	730,361,725)	(<u>P</u>	6,065,195)	P	5,524,581,532	P	11,951,690,104			

P-H-O-E-N-I-X PETROLEUM PHILIPPINES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017 (UNAUDITED) (Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	201	8	2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax Adjustments for:	P 1,08	7,797,539	P 694,495,216
Depreciation and amortization	50	4,040,283	379,929,569
Interest expense on bank loans and other borrowings		7,069,688	334,207,289
Excess of fair value of net assets acquired over acquisition cost	-	, ,	-
Impairment losses on trade and other receivables	1	12,170,916	12,000,000
Gain on reversal of impairment losses on investment properties	-	, ,	-
Interest income	(6,281,830) (7,600,444)
Employee share options	-	, , , ,	, , ,
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(903,286)	
Translation adjustment	· -		
Unrealized foreign exchange currency loss (gain) - net	7	0,031,337	7,009,368
Gain on reversal of allowance for inventory obsolescence	-		
Impairment losses on non-financial assets	-		
Operating profit before working capital changes		3,924,646	1,420,040,998
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables		9,579,538)	1,007,206,260
Decrease (increase) in inventories	6,27	73,952,611 (132,788,223)
Decrease (increase) in restricted deposits Decrease in input value-added tax - net	- 78	5,076,855 (177,151,950)
Decrease (increase) in prepayments and other current assets		6,526,243) (48,549,521)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables	(1,20.	5,897,496) (1,399,101,191)
Cash generated from (used in) operations		0,950,835	669,656,373
Cash paid for income taxes	(5,431,870)	84,415,208)
Net Cash From (Used in) Operating Activities	2,90	5,518,965	585,241,165
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	,	0.055.055	
Acquisition of subsidiaries		0,355,275)	1 027 (12 772)
Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment	(2,54	7,370,671) (1,937,612,772)
Collections from related parties Advances to related parties	-	9,913,865	149,456,971
	20		11 421 649)
Acquisitions of intangible assets Increase in other non-current assets	(19	(3,027,116)	11,421,648) 1,548,421
Translation of financial statements of a foreign subsidiary		4,526,021	1,540,421
Interest received		6,281,830	7,514,940
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		917,483	24,250,339
Additional investment in an indirectly-owned joint venture	(4	5,353,131)	<u> </u>
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(4,466,995)	1,766,263,749)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayments of interest-bearing loans and borrowings	(38,69	8,034,493) (38,419,735,450)
Proceeds from additional interest-bearing loans and borrowings	40,51	9,321,832	40,438,765,505
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares	· -		
Stock Options		1,978,139	5,794,933
Interest paid	(57'	7,069,688) (372,281,913)
Payments of cash dividends	(31	2,185,735) (233,663,383)
Acquisition of treasury shares	-	(109,407,705)
Increase (decrease) in other non-current liabilities	12	8,576,907	13,390,263
Increase/decrease in APIC	1	7,020,094	
Proceeds from issuance of shares of stock	-		
Repayments to related parties			<u> </u>
Net Cash From (Used in) Financing Activities	1,07	9,607,056	1,322,862,250
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,06	0,659,027	141,839,667
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,83	31,542,441	2,338,780,526
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	P 2.89	2 201 469	D 2 400 600 400
AT END OF YEAR	P 2,89	2,201,468	P 2,480,620,193

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

P-H-O-E-N-I-X PETROLEUM PHILIPPINES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SELECTED NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)
(UNAUDITED)

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

1.1 Incorporation and Operations

P-H-O-E-N-I-X Petroleum Philippines, Inc. (the Parent Company) was incorporated in the Philippines on May 8, 2002 and is currently owned by P-H-O-E-N-I-X Petroleum Holdings, Inc. (PPHI), a Philippine company, at 41.14% of the Parent Company's outstanding capital stock.

The Parent Company is presently engaged in trading of refined petroleum products on wholesale basis and operation of oil depots, storage facilities and allied services. The registered office of the Parent Company, which is also its principal place of business, is located at Stella Hizon Reyes Road, Barrio Pampanga, Davao City. The Parent Company is listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) with its initial public offering on July 11, 2007. It has a total of **545** operating retail service stations, and a total of eight service stations under construction as of June 30, 2018.

On the other hand, PPHI was incorporated in the Philippines on May 31, 2006. PPHI's primary purpose is to provide management, investment and technical advice for commercial, industrial, manufacturing and other kinds of enterprises. PPHI's registered office is located at Stella Hizon Reyes Road, Barrio Pampanga, Davao City.

The ultimate parent of both companies, PPHI and the Parent Company is Udenna Corporation, which is primarily organized to purchase, acquire, take over and manage all or any part of the rights, assets, business and property; undertake and assume the liabilities of any person, firm, association, partnership, syndicate of corporation; and to engage in the distribution, selling, importation, installation of pollution control devices, units and services, and all other pollution control related products and emission test servicing. The ultimate parent company's registered office is located at Stella Hizon Reyes Road, Barrio Pampanga, Davao City.

1.2 Subsidiaries, Associate, Joint Venture and their Operations

As of June 30, 2017, the Parent Company holds ownership interests in the following entities, which are all incorporated in the Philippines, except for PNX Petroleum Singapore Pte. Ltd., which is incorporated and domiciled in Singapore:

	Explanatory	Percentage of	of Ownership
Subsidiaries/ Associate/Joint Venture	Notes	2018	<u>2017</u>
P-F-L Petroleum Management, Inc. (PPMI)	(a)	100.00%	100.00%
P-H-O-E-N-I-X Global Mercantile, Inc. (PGMI)	(b)	100.00%	100.00%
Subic Petroleum Trading and Transport	. ,		
Phils., Inc. (SPTT)	(c)	100.00%	100.00%
PNX Petroleum Singapore Pte. Ltd. (PNX SG)	(d)	100.00%	100.00%
Phoenix LPG Philippines, Inc. (PLPI)	(e)	100.00%	_
Duta, Inc. (Duta)	(f)	100.00%	-
Kaparangan, Inc. (Kaparangan) ²	(g)	100.00%	-
Philippine Family Mart CVS, Inc. (PFM)	(h)	100.00%	-
Phoenix Asphalt Philippines, Inc.(PAPI) 4	(i)	40.00%	_
Action Able ¹	(j)	74.90%	
Think Able ¹	(k)	74.90%	

Notes:

- 1 New subsidiaries
- 2 Wholly-owned subsidiary of Duta
- 3 Duta and Kaparangan, collectively known as Duta Group
- 4 New Joint Venture
- (a) PPMI was incorporated on January 31, 2007 and is engaged in organizing, managing, administering, running and supervising the operations and marketing of various kinds of services-oriented companies such as petroleum service stations.
- (b) PGMI was incorporated on July 31, 2006 to engage in the manufacture, production and creation of all kinds of motor, and all other transportation lubricants, fluids and additives of all kinds and other petroleum products purposely for motor vehicles and other transportation. PGMI started commercial in 2007 and temporarily ceased its operation in 2008 but has resumed its business in October 2015 through selling of acid oil and coconut fatty acid distillates, both are by-products from manufacturing of coconut methyl ester.
- (c) SPTT was incorporated on February 20, 2007 and is engaged in buying and selling, supply and distribution, importation and exportation, storage and delivery of all types of petroleum for industrial, marine, aviation and automotive use.
- (d) PNX SG was formed on October 30, 2012 and started operations in October 2017. It is the regional trading arm of the Company. It currently holds office in Singapore and is able to buy directly from the refineries in the region due to its bigger requirements. It also sells to other local and regional buyers.

- (e) PLPI was incorporated on June 20, 1995 under the name Petronas Energy Philippines, Inc. (PEPI) to engage in the buying, selling, storing, distributing, and marketing at wholesale of all kinds of goods, including but not limited to liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) and other petroleum products. After the Parent Company acquired PEPI sometime in August 2017, the name was later changed to Phoenix LPG Philippines, Inc. on October 18, 2017.
- (f) Duta was incorporated on November 9, 1994 to engage in the business of buying, investing, exchanging, selling securities of every kind and description and leasing land. Duta is currently the property holding company of PLPI.
- (g) Kaparangan was incorporated on January 21, 1994 to engage in the business of buying, investing, exchanging, selling securities of every kind and description and leasing land.
- (b) PFM was incorporated on November 29, 2012 and is domiciled in the Republic of the Philippines. The Company was incorporated to engage in the business of operating convenience stores (CVS) under the trademark "FamilyMart" either by direct operation and/or by franchise system in the Philippines and to conduct business activities related to and in support to the aforesaid CVS platforms including importation and export, advertisement and promotion, and in general, to exercise and perform any and all powers necessary, incidental, or convenient to the business. PFM was acquired by the Parent Company sometime in January 2018.
- (i) PAPI wasincorporated on March 23, 2018 to engage in the business of selling, importation, marketing, manufacturing and storage of bitumen related products.
- (j) Action Able was incorporated on May 2015 to engage in the business of selling, leasing or distributing electronic devices to distributors, merchants or retailers for the purpose of digital marketing and/or ecommerce; to engage in the business of providing an outline digital network for the purpose of digital marketing and/or e-commerce accessible through electronic devices.
- (k) Think Able is a Hongkong based Company that handles the trademark of Action. Able Inc.

1.3 Other Corporate Information

The registered office and principal place of business of the existing subsidiaries, except those presented in below, is located at Stella Hizon Reyes Road, Barrio Pampanga, Davao City.

SPTT _ Units 113 and 115 Subic International Hotel, Alpha Building, Rizal Highway,

Subic Bay Freeport Zone, Zambales

PNX SG – 350 Orchard Road, #17-05/06 Shaw House, Singapore

PLPI – Phoenix Petroleum Corporate Headquarters, Stella Hizon Reyes Road, Bo.

Pampanga, Lanang, Davao City

Duta – 15th Floor, Citibank Tower, Valero St., Salcedo Village, Makati City
 Kaparangan – 15th Floor, Citibank Tower, Valero St., Salcedo Village, Makati City
 PAPI – 25th Floor, Fort Legend Tower, 3rd Avenue corner 31st Street, The Fort

Global City, Taguig City

PPMI's registered office is located at Penthouse, Valero Tower, 122 Valero Street, Salcedo Village, Makati City and its principal place of business is located at 26th Floor, The Fort Legend Tower, 3rd Avenue corner 31st Street, The Fort Global City, Taguig City.

1.3 Approval of Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) of the Group as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2018 (including the comparative consolidated financial information as of December 31, 2017 and for the six months ended June 30, 2017) were authorized for issue by the

Parent Company's Board of Directors (BOD) on August 7, 2018.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are summarized in the succeeding pages. The policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated. Basis of Preparation of Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. They do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso, the functional and presentation currency of the Group, and all values represent absolute amounts except when otherwise indicated.

2.1 Adoption of New and Amended PFRS

(a) Effective in 2017 that are Relevant to the Group

There are new PFRS, amendments and annual improvements to existing standards effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. Among those new PFRS, amendments and annual improvements, presented in the succeeding pages are relevant to the Group but did not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

(i) PAS 7 (Amendments), Statement of Cash Flows – Disclosure Initiative (effective from January 1, 2017). The amendments are designed to improve the quality of information provided to users of financial statements about changes in an entity's debt and related cash flows (and non-cash changes). They require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities. An entity applies its judgment when determining the exact form and content of the disclosures needed to satisfy this requirement. Moreover, they suggest a number of specific disclosures that may be necessary in order to satisfy the above requirement, including: (a) changes in liabilities arising from financing activities caused by changes in financing cash flows, foreign exchange rates or fair values, or obtaining or losing control of subsidiaries or other businesses; and, (b) a reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of liabilities arising from financing activities in the consolidated statement of financial position including those changes identified immediately above.

- (ii) PAS 12 (Amendments), *Income Taxes* Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses (effective from January 1, 2017). The focus of the amendments is to clarify how to account for deferred tax assets related to debt instruments measured at fair value, particularly where changes in the market interest rate decrease the fair value of a debt instrument below cost. The amendments provide guidance in the following areas where diversity in practice previously existed: (a) existence of a deductible temporary difference; (b) recovering an asset for more than its carrying amount; (c) probable future taxable profit against which deductible temporary differences are assessed for utilization; and, (d) combined versus separate assessment of deferred tax asset recognition for each deductible temporary difference.
- (iii) PFRS 2 (Amendments), Share-based Payments Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions. The amendments contain three changes covering the following matters: the accounting for the effects of vesting conditions on the measurement of a cash-settled share-based payment; the classification of share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations; and, the accounting for a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity-settled. Management assessed that no significant impact in the consolidated financial statements of the Group.
- (b) Effective Subsequent to 2017 but not Adopted Early

There are new PFRS and amendments to existing standards effective for annual periods subsequent to 2017, which are adopted by the FRSC. Management will adopt the following relevant pronouncements in accordance with their transitional provisions; and, unless otherwise stated, none of these are expected to have significant impact on the Group's financial statements:

- (i) PFRS 9 (2014), *Financial Instruments* (effective from January 1, 2018). This new standard on financial instruments will replace PAS 39and PFRS 9 (2009, 2010 and 2013 versions). This standard contains, among others, the following:
 - three principal classification categories for financial assets based on the business model on how an entity is managing its financial instruments;
 - an expected loss model in determining impairment of all financial assets that are
 not measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), which generally
 depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since
 initial recognition of a financial asset; and,
 - a new model on hedge accounting that provides significant improvements
 principally by aligning hedge accounting more closely with the risk management
 activities undertaken by entities when hedging their financial and non-financial
 risk exposures.

In accordance with the financial asset classification principle of PFRS 9 (2014), a financial asset is classified and measured at amortized cost if the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect the contractual cash flows that represent solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal outstanding. Moreover, a financial asset is classified and subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it meets the SPPI criterion and is held in a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets. All other financial

assets are measured at FVTPL.

In addition, PFRS 9 (2014) allows entities to make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity instrument that is not held for trading in other comprehensive income.

The accounting for embedded derivatives in host contracts that are financial assets is simplified by removing the requirement to consider whether or not they are closely related, and, in most arrangements, does not require separation from the host contract.

For liabilities, the standard retains most of the PAS 39 requirements which include amortized cost accounting for most financial liabilities, with bifurcation of embedded derivatives. The amendment also requires changes in the fair value of an entity's own debt instruments caused by changes in its own credit quality to be recognized in other comprehensive income rather than in profit or loss.

Management is currently assessing the impact of PFRS 9 (2014) on the consolidated financial statements of the Group and it will conduct a comprehensive study of the potential impact of this standard prior to its mandatory adoption date to assess the impact of all changes.

(ii) PFRS 16, Leases (effective from January 1, 2019). The new standard will eventually replace PAS 17, Leases.

For lessees, it requires to account for leases "on-balance sheet" by recognizing a "right of use" asset and a lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured as the present value of future lease payments. For this purpose, lease payments include fixed, non-cancellable payments for lease elements, amounts due under residual value guarantees, certain types of contingent payments and amounts due during optional periods to the extent that extension is reasonably certain. In subsequent periods, the "right-of-use" asset is accounted for similarly to a purchased asset and depreciated or amortized. The lease liability is accounted for similarly to as financial liability using the effective interest method. However, the new standard provides important reliefs or exemptions for short-term leases and leases of low value assets. If these exemptions are used, the accounting is similar to operating lease accounting under PAS 17 where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis (if more representative of the pattern of the lessee's benefit).

For lessors, lease accounting is similar to PAS 17's. In particular, the distinction between finance and operating leases is retained. The definitions of each type of lease, and the supporting indicators of a finance lease, are substantially the same as PAS 17's. The basic accounting mechanics are also similar, but with some different or more explicit guidance in few areas. These include variable payments, sub-leases, lease modifications, the treatment of initial direct costs and lessor disclosures.

Management is currently assessing the impact of this new standard in its consolidated financial statements.

(iii) PFRS 10 (Amendments), Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28 (Amendments), Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associates or Joint Venture (effective date deferred indefinitely). The amendments to PFRS 10 require full recognition in the investor's financial statements of gains or

losses arising on the sale or contribution of assets that constitute a business as defined in PFRS 3, *Business Combinations*, between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the partial recognition of gains or losses (i.e., to the extent of the unrelated investor's interests in an associate or joint venture) only applies to those sale of contribution of assets that do not constitute a business. Corresponding amendments have been made to PAS 28 to reflect these changes. In addition, PAS 28 has been amended to clarify that when determining whether assets that are sold or contributed constitute a business, an entity shall consider whether the sale or contribution of those assets is part of multiple arrangements that should be accounted for as a single transaction.

(iv) PFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective from January 1, 2018). This standard will replace PAS 18, Revenue, and PAS 11, Construction Contracts, the related Interpretations on revenue recognition: IFRIC 13, Customer Loyalty Programmes, IFRIC 15, Agreement for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18, Transfers of Assets from Customers and Standing Interpretations Committee 31, Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services, effective January 1, 2018. This new standard establishes a comprehensive framework for determining when to recognize revenue and how much revenue to recognize. The core principle in the said framework is for an entity to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to the customer in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Management is currently assessing the impact of this standard on the Group's financial statements.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

In preparing the interim condensed consolidated financial statements, management undertakes a number of judgments, estimates and assumptions about recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The actual results may differ from the judgments, estimates and assumptions made by management, and will seldom equal the estimated results. The judgments, estimates and assumptions applied in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements, including the key sources of estimation uncertainty, were the same as those applied in the Group's last annual financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The Group performed its annual impairment test of goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful life at year end and when circumstances indicate the carrying value may be impaired. The Group's impairment test for goodwill arising from business combination and other intangible assets is based on value-in-use calculations. The Group considers the relationship between the market capitalization of the subsidiaries and its net book value, among other factors, when reviewing for indicators of impairment. The Group's management assessed that for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and as of December 31, 2017, goodwill arising from business combination and other intangible assets with indefinite useful life are not impaired.

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(a) The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products or services and serves different markets. The Group's trading segment is engaged in marketing, merchandising, purchasing, selling, acquiring, disposing and distribution of goods and wares such as but not limited to petroleum products (on wholesale basis), lubricants and other products. The Group is also

engaged in operating of oil depots, storage facilities and provides logistics services to various entities on its Depot and Logistics Services segment. The Group's real estate segment is involved in real estate development, management and operations. The Group generally accounts for intersegment sales and transfers as if the sales or transfers were to third parties at current market prices.

As of June 30, 2018, there have been no change from prior periods in the measurement methods used to determine operating segments and reported segment revenues, expenses and performance.

The succeeding tables present revenue and profit information regarding segments for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and certain asset and liability information regarding segments as at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (amounts in thousands).

	<u>Trading</u> June 30, June 30,	Depot and Logistics June 30, June 30,	Real Estate June 30, June 30,	Total June 30, June 30,
	2018 2017 (Unaudited) (Unaudited)	2018 2017 (Unaudited) (Unaudited)	2018 2017 (Unaudited) (Unaudited)	2018 2017 (Unaudited) (Unaudited)
TOTAL REVENUES				
Sales to external customers	P40,077,387 P 18,793,947	P 170,047 P 94,685	P 718 P - P	40,248,152 P 18,888,632
Intersegment sales	23,406 28,736	278,737 118,250	8,241 -	310,384 146,986
Total revenues	40,100,793 18,822,683	<u>448,784</u> <u>212,935</u>	8,959	40,558,536 19,035,618
COSTS AND OTHER				
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Cost of sales and services excluding	ng			
depreciation and amortization	38,198,281 17,519,806	153,409 114,698	2,267 -	38,353,957 17,634,504
Depreciation and amortization	<u>332,012</u> <u>236,286</u>	172,028 143,244		504,040 379,930
	38,530,293 17,756,092	325,437 257,942	2,267	38,857,997 18,014,434
SEGMENT OPERATING				
PROFIT (LOSS)	<u>P 1,570,500</u> <u>P 1,066,591</u>	<u>P 123,347</u> <u>P (45,007)</u>	<u>P 6,692</u> <u>P</u>	<u>P1,700,540</u> <u>P 1,021,184</u>
	Trading	Depot and Logistics	Real Estate	Total
	June 30, December 31, 2018 2017	June 30, December 31, 2018 2017	June 30, December 31, 2018 2017	June 30, December 31, 2018 2017
	(Unaudited) (Audited)	(Unaudited) (Audited)	(Unaudited) (Audited)	(Unaudited) (Audited)
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES				
Segment assets	P 45,984,078 P 47,968,156	P 6,426,757 P 493,812	P 407,984 P 411,922	P 52,555,401 P 48,873,890
Segment liabilities	33,368,084 33,730,458	1,285,351 363,152	318,326 324,150	33,368,084 34,417,760
ocement manneres	55,750,150	1,200,001 505,152	32 1, 130	51,417,700

Presented below is a reconciliation of the Group's segment information to the key financial information presented in its interim condensed consolidated financial statement (in thousands).

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
	(Unaudited)	
	,	,
Revenues	D40 EE0 E26	D 10 025 (10
Total segment revenues	P40,558,536	P 19,035,618
Elimination of intersegment revenues	(310,384)	(146,986)
Revenues as reported	((
in profit or loss	<u>P 40,248,152</u>	<u>P 18,888,632</u>
Profit or loss		
Segment operating		
profit	P 1,700,540	P 1,021,184
Other unallocated income	,,.	-
Other unallocated expense	()	()
Operating profit as reported		
in profit or loss	1,700,540	1,021,184
Finance costs	(659,569)	(334,207)
Finance income	50,097	<u>7,518</u>
Profit before tax as reported		
in profit or loss	P 1,091,068	<u>P 694,495</u>
	June 30,	December 31,
	2018	2017
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Assets		
Segment assets	P 52,818,819	P 48,642,024
Deferred tax asset – net	263,418	231,866
Elimination of intercompany		
accounts	(<u>6,426,757</u>)	(<u>4,402,990</u>)
Total assets reported in the		
consolidated statement of		
financial position	<u>P 46,128,644</u>	<u>P 44,470,900</u>
Liabilities		
Segment liabilities	P 34,971,761	P 34,417,760
Deferred tax liabilities - net	-	-
Elimination of intercompany		
accounts	(<u>1,603,677</u>)	(<u>1,898,550</u>)
Total liabilities as reported in the		
consolidated statement of		
financial position	P33,368,084	<u>P 32,519,210</u>

5. CATEGORIES, FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND DISCLOSURES AND OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

5.1 Carrying Amounts and Fair Values by Category

The carrying amounts and fair values of the categories of financial assets and liabilities presented in the consolidated statements of financial position are presented below.

		June 30, 2018	(Una	audited)		December 31,	2017	(Audited)
		arrying Values		Fair Values	(Carrying Values		Fair Values
Financial Assets								
Loans and receivables:								
Cash and cash equivalents	P	2,892,201,467	P	2,892,201,467	P	1,831,542,441	P	1,831,542,441
Trade and other receivables-net*		9,939,644,444		9,939,644,444		6,843,698,948		6,843,698,948
Due from related parties		248,091,033		248,091,033		518,004,898		518,004,898
Restricted deposits		51,935,522		51,935,522		51,281,559		51,281,559
Refundable rental deposits		223,417,240		223,417,240		182,480,300		182,480,300
	<u>P</u>	13,355,289,706	<u>P</u>	13,355,289,706	<u>P</u>	9,427,008,146	<u>P</u>	9,427,008,146
Financial Liabilities								
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:								
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	P	29,992,721,337	P	29,992,721,337	P	28,171,433,998	P	28,171,433,998
Trade and other payables**		2,746,480,043		2,746,480,043		3,730,046,488		3,730,046,488
Cash Bond Deposits		47,648,621		47,648,621		33,492,002		33,492,002
Customers' Cylinder Deposits		269,308,201		269,308,201		196,380,513		196,380,513
Security deposits		250,879,253		250,879,253		245,488,541		245,488,541
	<u>P</u>	33,307,037,455	P	33,307,037,455	<u>P</u>	32,376,841,542	<u>P</u>	32,376,841,542

^{*} Excludes certain advances to suppliers and advances subject to liquidation

^{**} Excludes tax-related payable

5.2 Fair Value Hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy level in determining the fair values that will be disclosed for its financial instruments.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that an entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and,
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level within which the asset or liability is classified is determined based on the lowest level of significant input to the fair value measurement.

For purposes of determining the market value at Level 1, a market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

For investments which do not have quoted market price, the fair value is determined by using generally acceptable pricing models and valuation techniques or by reference to the current market of another instrument which is substantially the same after taking into account the related credit risk of counterparties, or is calculated based on the expected cash flows of the underlying net asset base of the instrument.

When the Group uses valuation technique, it maximizes the use of observable market data where it is available and relies as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to determine the fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2. Otherwise, it is included in Level 3.

5.3 Valuation Methods and Assumptions

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is the amount at which the asset could be sold or the liability transferred in a current transaction between market participants, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The fair value of loans from banks and other financial liabilities, as well as other non-current financial liabilities is estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The valuation requires management to use unobservable inputs in the model. Management regularly assesses a range of reasonably possible alternatives for the significant unobservable inputs and determines their impact on the total fair value.

5.4 Fair Value Hierarchy of Instruments Measured at Amortized Cost for which Fair Value is Disclosed

The table below summarizes the fair value hierarchy of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities which are not measured at fair value in the interim condensed consolidated statements of financial position but for which fair value is disclosed.

		June 30, 201	8 (Unaudited)	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Loans and receivables:				
Cash and cash equivalents	P 2,892,201,467	Р -	Р -	P 2,892,201,467
Trade and other receivables - net	-	-	9,939,644,444	9,939,644,44
Due from related parties	-	-	248,091,033	248,091,03
Restricted deposits		_	51,935,522	51,935,52
Refundable rental deposits			223,417,240	223,417,24
	P2,892,201,467	<u>P</u> -	P10,463,088,239	P 13,355,289,700
inancial Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:				
Interest-bearing loans				
and borrowings	Р -	P - I	29,992,721,337	P 29,992,721,33
Trade and other payables	-	-	2,746,480,043	2,746,480,04
Cash Bond Deposits			47,648,621	47,648,62
Customers' Cylinder Deposits			269,308,201	269,308,20
Searrity deposits			250,879,253	250,879,25
			P 33,307,037,455	
	Level 1	December 31 Level 2	, 2017 (Audited) Level 3	Total
inancial Assets				
Loans and receivables:				
Cash and cash equivalents	P 1,831,542,441	Р -	Р -	P 1,831,542,44
Trade and other receivables - net	-	-	6,843,698,948	6,843,698,94
Due from related parties	-	-	518,004,898	518,004,89
Restricted deposits	51,281,559	-	-	51,281,55
Refundable rental deposits		-	182,480,300	182,480,30
	<u>P1,882,824,000</u>	<u>P</u> -	P 7,544,184,146	P 9,427,008,14
inancial Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:				
Interest-bearing loans				
and borrowings	Р -	P - I	28,171,433,998	P 28,171,433,99
Trade and other payables	-	-	3,730,046,488	3,730,046,48
Cash Bond Deposits			33,492,002	33,492,00
Customers' Cylinder Deposits			196,380,513	196,380,51
Security deposits		-	245,488,541	245,488,54
	Р -	Р -	P 32.376.841.542	P 32.376.841.54
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1.72,770,071,372	<u>/2,.//0,071,./7</u>

For financial assets with fair value included in Level 1, management considers that the carrying amount of this short-term financial instrument approximates their fair values.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks in relation to financial instruments. The Group's financial assets and liabilities by category are summarized in Note 5. The main types of risks are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's risk management is coordinated with its Parent Company, in close cooperation with the BOD, and focuses on actively securing the Group's short to medium-term cash flows by minimizing the exposure to financial markets.

The Group does not engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which the Group is exposed to are described below and in the succeeding pages.

6.1 Market Risk

The Group is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk which result from both its operating, investing and financing activities.

(a) Foreign Currency Risk

Most of the Group's transactions are carried out in Philippine pesos, its functional currency. Exposures to currency exchange rates arise from the Group's sales to a certain customer and, fuel and tanker importations, which are primarily denominated in U.S. dollars (US\$). The liability covering the fuel importation is covered by letter of credits (LCs) which is subsequently closed to Philippine peso trusts receipts (TRs). Further, the Group has several U.S. dollar loans from certain banks, which were used to finance its capital expenditures. The Group also holds U.S. dollar-denominated cash and cash equivalents.

To mitigate the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, non-Philippine peso cash flows are monitored.

Foreign currency-denominated financial assets and financial liabilities, translated into Philippine pesos at the closing rate follow:

	June 30, 2018
	U.S. Singapore
	Dollar Dollar
Financial assets	P 2,580,821,180 P 21,206,311
Financial liabilities	(5,529,747,042) ()
Net exposure	(<u>P 2,948,915,862</u>) <u>P 21,206,311</u>

	December 31, 2017				
	U.S. <u>Dollar</u>	Singapore Dollar			
Financial assets Financial liabilities	P 1,260,407,888 (<u>1,566,782,434</u>)	P 317,739			
Net exposure	(<u>P 306,374,546</u>)	P 317,739			

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the Group's profit before tax with respect to changes in Philippine peso against U.S. dollar exchange rates. The percentage changes in rates have been determined based on the average market volatility in exchange rates, using standard deviation, in the previous three and 12 months, respectively, at a 99% confidence level.

	June 30, 2018			
	(U.S. Dollar)	(Singapore Dollar)		
Reasonably possible change in rate	23.622%	20.546%		
Effect in profit before tax	P (696,590,931)	P 4,357,137		
Effect in equity after tax	(487,613,652)	3,049,996		
	Decembe	r 31, 2017		
	(U.S. Dollar)	(Singapore Dollar)		
Reasonably possible change in rate	10.77%	16.88%		
Effect in profit before tax	P (32,996,539)	P 53,635		
Effect in equity after tax	(23,097,577)	37,544		

Exposures to foreign exchange rates vary during the year depending on the volume of foreign currency denominated transactions. Nonetheless, the analysis above is considered to be representative of the Group's currency risk.

(b) Interest Rate Risk

The Group's policy is to minimize interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. Long term borrowings are therefore usually made at fixed rates. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Group is exposed to changes in market interest rates through its cash and cash equivalents and certain interest-bearing loans and borrowings which are subject to variable interest rates. All other financial assets and financial liabilities have fixed rates.

Cash in banks are tested on a reasonably possible change of +/- 0.35% and +/-0.47% as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Banks loans subject to variable interest rates are tested on a reasonably possible change of +/-0.21% and +/-0.30% for Philippine peso and +/-0.26% and +/-0.25% for U.S. dollar as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. These percentages have been determined based on the average market volatility of interest rates, using standard deviation, in previous six and 12 months estimated at 99.00% level of confidence. The sensitivity analysis is based on the Group's financial instruments held at the end of each reporting period, with effect estimated from the beginning of the year. All other variables are held constant.

The changes in percentages would affect profit or loss before tax by +/-P73.4 million and +/-P94.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and for the year ended December 31, 2017, respectively, and equity after tax by +/-P51.4 million and +/-P66.2 million the six months ended June 30, 2018 and for the year ended December 31, 2017, respectively.

(c) Other Price Risk

The Group's market price risk arises from its purchases of fuels. It manages its risk arising from changes in market prices by monitoring the daily movement of the market price of fuels and to some extent, using forward and other similar contracts to manage the fluctuation of the fuel price.

6.2 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty may fail to discharge an obligation to the Group. The Group is exposed to this risk for various financial instruments arising from granting of loans and selling goods and services to customers including related parties; and placing deposits with banks.

The Group continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. The Group's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties. In addition, for a significant proportion of sales, advance payments are received to mitigate credit risk.

Generally, the maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown in the consolidated statements of financial position or in the detailed analysis provided in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, as follows.

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Cash and cash equivalents	P 2,892,201,467	P 1,831,542,441
Trade and other receivables – net*	9,939,644,444	6,843,698,948
Due from related parties	248,091,033	518,004,898
Restricted deposits	51,935,522	51,281,559
Refundable rental deposits	223,417,240	182,480,300
	P13,355,289,706	<u>P9,427,008,146</u>

^{*}excluding certain advances to suppliers and advances subject to liquidation

The Group's management considers that all the above financial assets that are not impaired or past due for each reporting dates are of good credit quality.

None of the financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements, except for cash and cash equivalents as described below.

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings. Included in the cash and cash equivalents are cash in banks and short-term placements which are insured by the Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation up to a maximum coverage of P0.5 million for every depositor per banking institution.

(b) Trade and Other Receivables and Due from Related Parties

In respect of trade and other receivables and due from related parties, the Group is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers in various industries and geographical areas. Based on historical information about customer default rates, management considers the credit quality of trade receivables that are not past due or impaired to be good.

The Group has a Credit Committee which approves credit lines given to its customers. The Group's Credit Risk Management Unit (formerly Credit and Collection Department), which regularly reports to the Credit Committee, continuously monitors customers' performance and other counterparties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. Where available at a reasonable cost, external credit ratings and/or reports on customers and other counterparties are obtained and used. The Group's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

Some of the unimpaired trade and other receivables are past due at the end of the reporting date. The age of financial assets past due but not impaired is presented below.

	June 30, 2018 <u>(Unaudite</u>		Dec	tember 31, 2017 (Audited)
Not more than one month	P 272,098	,172	P	577,035,340
More than one month but not more than two months	72,133	,471		681,732,537
More than two months but not more than six months	542,522	,526	1	,475,835,606
More than six months but not more than one year	143,235	183		579,628,183
More than one year	50,548	•		455,810,155
	P 1,080,537	<u>,896</u>	<u>P 3</u>	3,770,041,821

In respect of due from a related party, the Group has assessed that these advances are collectible and the credit risk exposure is considered to be low.

6.3 Liquidity Risk

The Group manages its liquidity needs by carefully monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for long-term financial liabilities as well as cash outflows due in a day-to-day business. Liquidity needs are monitored in various time bands, on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis, as well as on the basis of a rolling 30-day projection. Long-term liquidity needs for a 6-month and one-year period are identified monthly.

The Group maintains cash and cash equivalents to meet its liquidity requirements for up to 60-day periods. Excess cash are invested in time deposits. Funding for long-term liquidity needs is additionally secured by an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to sell long-term financial assets.

This compares to the maturity of the Group's financial liabilities as of June 30, 2018 (Unaudited) as presented below.

	Curi	rent	Non-current		
	Within 6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	
Interest-bearing loans					
and borrowings	P 17,788,779,486	P 300,000,000	P 11,903,941,851	P	
Trade and other payables					
(excluding tax-related payables)	1,306,370,042	1,440,110,000			
Security deposits	-	-	250,879,253	-	
Customers' cylinder deposits	-	-	-	269,308,201	
Cash bond				47,648,621	
	P 19,095,149,528	P 1,740,110,000	P 12,154,821,104	P 316,956,822	

As of December 31, 2017 (Audited), the Group's financial liabilities have contractual maturities which are summarized as follows:

	Current			Non-current		
	Within 6 months		6 to 12 months	1 to 5 years		More than 5 years
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	P 17,093,687,980	Р	770,678,974	Р	9,934,502,651	P 2,318,636,250
Trade and other payables (excluding tax-related						
payables)	3,730,046,488		-		-	-
Security deposits	-		-		245,488,541	-
Customers' cylinder deposits	-		-		-	196,380,513
Cash bond						33,492,002
	P 20,823,734,468	<u>P</u>	770,678,974	<u>P</u>	10,179,991,192	<u>P 2,548,508,765</u>

7. INVENTORIES

Inventories which are stated at cost, which is lower than its net realizable value, are broken down as follows:

	June 30, 2018 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	December 31, 2017 (Audited)
At cost:		
Fuels	P 6,009,210,315	P12,571,587,151
LPG	181,233,360	124,305,656
Others	57,041,782	2,185,536
	6,247,485,457	12,698,078,343
At net realizable value –		
Lubricants	<u>378,477,640</u>	271,868,702
	<u>P 6,625,963,097</u>	<u>P 12,969,947,045</u>

Under the terms of agreements covering the liabilities under trust receipts, inventories with carrying amount of **P5,212** million and P5,139 million as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, have been released to the Group in trust for by the bank. The Group is accountable to the bank for the trusted inventories or their sales proceeds.

Inventory write-down in was P6.9 million and nil as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment is shown below.

	Jur	December 31,		
	2018	2017	2017	
Balance at beginning of period	P 13,400,687,345	P 9,002,313,141	P 9,002,313,141	
Business combination -net	310,465,153		2,046,988,345	
Additions	2,200,903,352	1,948,797,013	3,195,335,770	
Transfers			-	
Disposals – net	(1,820,769)	(24,250,339)	(23,697,376)	
Redassifications/adjustments			(-)	
Depreciation and amortization	(<u>484,457,851</u>)	(364,876,308)	(820,252,535)	
Balance at end of the period	<u>P 15,425,777,230</u>	P 10,561,983,506	P 13,400,687,345	

9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The reconciliation of the carrying amounts of intangible assets is shown below.

		June 30,				December 31,	
			2018		2017		2017
	<u>Note</u>	_(I	Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		(Audited)
Balance at beginning of period Additions Transfer from property,		P	274,931,452 37,808,739	Р	275,037,490 11,421,648	P	275,037,490 30,021,932
plant and equipment Amortization expense for the period	7	(- 19,232,393)	(15,053,261)	(30,127,970)
Balance at end of the period		P	293,507,798	Р	271,405,877	P	274,931,452

10. INTEREST-BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings are broken down as follow:

	June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2017 (Audited)
Current: Liabilities under LC and TR	P 2,531,179,486	P 5,139,141,223
Term loans	15,357,600,000	11,657,732,922
Liabilities under short-term commercial papers	-	-
Obligations under finance lease	45 000 550 406	
Non-current –	17,888,779,486	16,796,874,145
Term loans	12,103,941,851	11,374,559,853
	<u>P 29,992,721,337</u>	P28,171,433,99

10.1 Liabilities under Letters of Credits and Trust Receipts

The Group avails of LC and TR lines with local banks to finance its purchases of inventories. These short-term trust receipts bear interests based on prevailing market interest rates at an average of 4.25% and 3.97% per annum as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

10.2 Borrowings and Repayments

During the period, the Group obtained various term loans with banks in the total amount of 40,519.3 million with outstanding balance as of June 30, 2018 of 27,261.5 million. The loans bear interest ranging from 3.125% to 4.125% and is repayable in various dates until November 10, 2022.

As of June 30, 2018, repayments of other term loans amounting to P 28,483.6 million were made in line with previously disclosed repayment terms.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group's related parties include the ultimate Parent Company, PPHI, stockholders, the Group's key management personnel, entities under common ownership by the ultimate parent Company and others as described in the succeeding pages.

The summary of the Group's transactions with its related parties for the periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and the related outstanding balances as of June, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is presented below.

, 1	Amount of	Amount of Transactions		Outstanding Balance		
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	December 31		
Related Party	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Category*	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)		
Other related parties						
under common						
ownership						
Sale of subsidiaries	Р -	Р -	P	P 500,000,000		
Sale of goods*	1,976,953,702	80,833,360		955,539,554		
Purchases of services*		79,213,835		20,995,548		
Advances to						
suppliers*	-	-	-	-		
Management fees	-	-		86,598,808		
Rentals	40,886,212	40,518,773	-	2,740,627		
Due from related						
parties*	-	3,725,835		518,004,898		
Due to related						
parties	-	-	-	-		
Donations	-	-	-	-		
Udenna Corporation						
Advances to						
suppliers	-	-		424,838,624		
Rentals	3,842,000	3,305,325		710,545		
Associate						
Technical ship						
Services	-	-	-	-		
Key management						
personnel						
Salaries and						
employee						
benefits	73,372,750	36,734,487		-		

*As a result of the deconsolidation of PPIPC and CSC (see Note 1.4), these formerly wholly-owned subsidiaries fall under related party under common ownership in 2016.

11.1 Sale of Goods

The Group sells products to certain related parties under common ownership. Goods are sold on the basis of the price lists in force with non-related parties. The outstanding receivables from related parties are unsecured, do not bear any interest and collectible in cash on demand. No impairment loss was recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 based on management's assessment.

11.2 Purchases of Goods and Services

The Group purchased goods and services from related parties on the basis of price lists in force with non-related parties. The outstanding balances are unsecured, non-interest bearing, payable on demand and normally settled in cash.

In addition, the Group advances certain amount to certain related parties for the purchase of services. The amount is credited upon the performance of the contractual obligation by the related parties. Management has assessed that there are no impairment losses required to be recognized on the advances to suppliers as of the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

11.3 Due from Related Parties

The Group grants and obtains unsecured advances to and from related parties under common ownership for working capital requirements and other purposes. Due from Related Parties (excluding advances to PPIPC) are either receivable in cash or paid through offsetting, unsecured non-interest-bearing liabilities and are expected to be paid within one year.

11.4 Disposal and Acquisition of Subsidiaries

On May 2018, the Parent Company acquired Action. Able Inc. and Think. Able Limited.

There are no disposal of subsidiaries for the months ended June 30, 2018.

However, on November 24, 2016, the Parent Company disposed its equity share in CSC to CLC, and in PPIPC to UDEVCO. Total consideration of the sale of subsidiaries amounted to P3,000.0 million, in which a total of P500.0 million and nil is still receivable from CLC and UDEVCO, respectively.

On January 11, 2018, the Parent Company has signed a deed of absolute sale and concluded the acquisition of the 100.00% shares in Philippine FamilyMart CVS, Inc. (PFM) from its shareholders, namely: SIAL CVS Retailers, Inc., FamilyMart Co. Ltd. and ITOCHU Corporation. PFM is engaged in operating convenience stores under the trademark "Family Mart".

A new exclusive Area Franchise Agreement of the Family Mart branch of convenience store in the Philippines was granted to Philippine FamilyMart CVS, Inc. under the management of the Parent Company. The transaction was approved by the Philippine Competition Commission (PCC) sometime in January 2018.

On January 16, 2018, the Parent Company has entered into a JV agreement with TIPCO Asphalt Public Company Limited (TIPCO Asphalt) and Mr. Carlito B. Castrillo to set-up and

incorporate a JV company – PhilAsphalt (Dev't) Corporation (PhilAsphalt). The JV company is registered for the purpose of operating, marketing and distribution of bitumen and bitumen-related products in the Philippines. The authorized share capital of PhilAsphalt will be P275.0 million divided into 275.0 million shares with par value of P1 per share. Both the Parent Company and TIPCO Asphalt's percentage of shareholding will be 40% each and 20.00% for Mr. Castrillo.

On May 25, 2018, the Parent Company has signed a Deed of Absolute Sale and concluded the acquisition of up to 74.9% outstanding sahres of Action. Able, Inc. (AA) from Wildlemon, Inc. (WILDLEMON) and certain individuals, and the acquisition of up to 74.9% of the outstanding shares in Think. Able, Limited (TA) from Seawood Prime Limited (SPL). AA and TA are the owner of Pos!ble.net, a two and a half year old digital payment-platform which enables and facilitated financial transactions between a merchant, who avails and uses the service, and his customers, who uses the platform to purchase, buy, or pay all kinds of prepaid loads, bills, and money remittances through a single Point of Sale devise.

12. EQUITY

12.1 Capital Stock

Capital stock consists of:

Capital stock consists	01.						
		Shares			Amount		
			For the year			For the year	
	For the si		ended December 31,		ix months	ended	
	ended J	ended June 30,		ended June 30, (Unaudited)		December 31, 2017	
	(Unaudited)		2017				
	2018	2017	(Audited)	2018	2017	(Audited)	
Preferred – aumulative,							
nonvoting,							
non-participating,							
non-convertible into							
common shares -							
P1 par value							
Authorized:	<u>50,000,000</u>	50,000,000	50,000,000	P 50,000,000	<u>P 50,000,000</u>	<u>P 50,000,000</u>	
Issued:							
Balance at beginning of period	od 30,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	P 30,000,000	P 30,000,000	P 30,000,000	
Issuanæ during the period							
Balance at end of period	30,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	
Treasury shares	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)	
Issued and outstanding	25,000,000	25,000,000	5,000,000	P 25,000,000	P 25,000,000	P 25,000,000	
Common – P1 par value							
Authorized:	2,500,000,000	2.500.000.000	2.500.000.000	P 2 500 000 000	P2.500,000,000	P 2.500,000,000	
Issued:		<u> </u>		<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u>,~~,,~~~,,~~</u>	
Balance at beginning							
0 0	1 101 500 000	4.074.000.000	4 400 555 000	D4 424 520 222	D4 000 007 440	D 4 400 555 000	
of period	1,431,538,232	1,374,383,932	1,428,777,232		P 1,098,097,449	P 1,428,777,232	
Issuanæ during the period	2,201,000			2,201,000			
Treasury shares	()	(70,193,400)	(2,761,000)	()	(<u>109,407,705</u>)	(<u>2,761,000</u>)	
Balance at end of period	1,433,739,232	1.358.584.232	1.431.538.232	P 1,433,739,232		P 1,431,538,232	

12.2 Employee Stock Options

On January 24, 2013, the BOD of the Parent Company approved the ESOP. Under the ESOP program, the Parent Company will allocate up to a total of 5.00% of its issued and outstanding common shares to be granted to eligible employees. Share options benefit expense included as part of Salaries and employee benefits under Selling and Administrative Expenses in the June 30, 2018 consolidated statement of comprehensive income amounted to P5.79 million, while the corresponding credit to Retained Earnings of the same amount is presented under the Equity section of the June 30, 2018 consolidated statement of financial position.

12.3 Cash Dividends

The details of the Parent Company's cash dividend declarations, both for preferred and common shares, for the six months ended June 30 (unaudited) are as follows:

		2018	_	2017
Common shares Preferred shares	P	214,730,735 97,455,000	P 	136,208,383 48,727,500
	<u>P</u>	312,185,735	P	184,935,883

Of the total amount of dividends declared, dividend payments for preferred shares amounted to P 97,455,000 for both of the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. There were no dividend payments yet for common shares as of the periods mentioned.

12.4 Other Interim Disclosures

The Group's management is not aware of the following or is not applicable to the Group's interim operations:

- Unusual items that materially affect the Group's interim condensed consolidated assets, liabilities, equity, net income or cash flows because of their size, nature or incidents;
- Issuances of equity securities;
- Material changes in contingent liabilities or contingent assets since the last annual balance sheet date;
- Existence of material contingencies and other events of transactions that are material to an understanding of the current interim period;
- Events that will trigger direct or contingent material financial obligations to the Group;
- Material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (direct or contingent) and other relationships of the Group;
- Significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Group's continuing operations;
- Material events subsequent to end of the reporting period that have not been reflected in this report;
- Material changes in the composition of the Group, including business combination, acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, restructurings and discontinuing operations; and,
- Any seasonal aspect that had a material effect on the consolidated financial condition or results of operation.

12.5 EARNINGS PER SHARE

EPS were computed as follows:

	For the six months ended June 30, (Unaudited)			For the year ended December 31, 2017	
	_	2018	2017	(Audited)	
a) Net profit pertaining to common shares	P	872,342,578	P 512,625,008	P 1,596,939,154	
b) Net profit attributable to common shares and potential common shares		872,342,578	512,625,008	1,791,849,154	
c) Weighted average number of outstanding common shares		1,436,881,267	1,397,213,098	1,372,487,454	
 d) Weighted average number of outstanding common and potential common shares 		1,441,664,302	1,401,009,454	1,377,270,489	
Basic EPS (a/c)	<u>P</u>	0.61	<u>P .37</u>	<u>P 1.16</u>	
Diluted EPS (b/d)	<u>P</u>	0.61	<u>P .33</u>	<u>P 1.16</u>	

The potential dilutive common shares totalling 4,783,035 shares in relation to the unexercised share warrants were considered in the computation of diluted EPS both as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. Potential dilutive common share as of June 30, 2017 was 3,796,356 shares.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Group has commitments of more than P2,000.0 million and P2,000.0 million, respectively, for expansion on petroleum retail network, depot, terminalling and logistics facilities, information technology infrastructure and other major expansions related to its business development. The Group has a network of **545** and 530 operating retail service stations as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. An additional of 15 and 8 retail service stations are under various stages of completion as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

The Group plans to expand further its petroleum retail service stations and carry out its investments in its subsidiaries to put up depot and terminalling facilities in strategic locations and complete its chain of logistical support to strengthen its foothold in the industry.

As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Parent Company has unused LCs amounting to 9,128.5 million and P8,652.3 million, respectively.

There are commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities that arise in the normal course of operations of the Group which are not reflected in the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Management of the Group is of the opinion, that losses, if any, from these items will not have any material effect on its interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

In addition, there are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations and other relationships of the Group with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

14. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no material events that occurred subsequent to the interim period that is required to be recorded or disclosed in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

15. SEASONAL FLUCTUATIONS

There were no seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Group.

Item II: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

Comparable discussion on Material Changes in Results of Operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018 vs. June 30, 2017.

Revenues, Cost of Sales and Gross Margins

The Group's Revenues grew by 113.1%, from ₱40.248 billion during the first half of 2018 to ₱18.889 billion for the same period in 2017. This was primarily due to the 63% increase in total volume sold (1H 2018: 1,271 million liters vs. 1H 2017: 782 million liters). This volume growth was augmented by the ₱0.426 million sales contributed by Philippine Family Mart CVS, Inc. (PFM).

The 489 million incremental sales volume was mainly attributable to the 347 million liters sold by the company's new subsidiaries, namely Pnx Singapore (264 million liters) and Phoenix LPG Philippines, Inc. (82 million liters). In addition, the parent company sold 144 million liters (18%) more than the volume sold during the same period in 2017 (1H 2018: 925 million liters vs. 1H 2017: 782 million liters).

Similarly, Cost of Sales and Services increased by 123.1%, from \$\mathbb{P}\$16.054 billion in 2017 to \$\mathbb{P}\$35.813 billion in 2018, chiefly as a result of the volume growth. This was aggravated by the higher product costs reflecting the global oil price movements, as well as the imposition of excise taxes on petroleum products starting in January 1, 2018.

Consequently, Gross Margin rose by 56.5% or \$\mathbb{P}\$1.601 billion. Gross margin rate, however, decreased to 11% from the 15% registered in 2017. This was influenced by the combined effect of the lower trading margins of Pnx SG and the higher volume sold by the parent company's commercial group.

Operating Income and Expenses

Meanwhile, Selling and Administrative Expenses of \$\mathbb{P}2.734\$ billion, up by 50.8% vis-vis the \$\mathbb{P}1.813\$ billion incurred in 2017, generally because of the cost outlay of the new businesses. Consequently, consolidated operating income amounted to P1.700 billion, up by 66.5% from first half 2017 level of P11021 billion. Net of the P0.399 billion contributed by the new businesses, the net operating income generated by the parent company improved by 27.5%, from P1,201 billion earned during the first half of 2017 to P1,302 for the same period in 2018.

Net Income and Non-operating Expenses

On the other hand, Other Net Non-operating Charges of \$\mathbb{P}609\$ million was 86.6% greater than the \$\mathbb{P}327\$ million incurred in 2017, as a result of additional debt drawn to finance the acquisition as well as the working capital requirements of the new subsidiaries.

As a result, the Group's Net Income After Tax for the first half of 2018 grew by 59% to ₱969.8 million, of which P344.04 million was contributed by the Group's new businesses. Considering the ₱0.039 million translation adjustment related to Pnx SG, total Comprehensive Income grew by 65.4% to ₱1,009 million from ₱610.08 million.

Financial Condition

(As of June 30, 2018 versus December 31, 2017)

Total resources of the Group as of June 30, 2018 stood at ₱46.129 billion, a 3.7% growth compared to the ₱44.471 billion level as of December 31, 2017. This was mainly due to the increases in Property, Plant, and Equipment, and Goodwill, the latter of which was incurred in relation to the acquisition of Philippine Family Mart CVS, Inc.

As a result of the 113.1% rise in revenues, Cash and Cash Equivalents as well Trade and Other Receivables grew by 57.9% (from ₱1.832 billion in December 31, 2017 to ₱2.892 billion as of June 30, 2018), and 63.2% (from ₱7.509 billion as of December 31, 2017 to ₱12.257 billion as of June 30, 2018), respectively..

Inventories declined by 48.9% to \$\mathbb{P}6.626\$ billion as of June 30, 2018, from \$\mathbb{P}12.970\$ billion as of December 31, 2017. The build-up in December 2017 was brought about by the confluence of the following factors: to address the new businesses such us LPG with the purchase of PEPI, operation of Pnx SG and the volume requirements of the new accounts, higher price of imported petroleum products as a result of movement of prices in the international market, and the decrease in the demand for IFO by the power companies.

As of June 30, 2018, the Group's Property and Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, increased to \$\mathbb{P}\$15.426 billion versus the \$\mathbb{P}\$13.401 billion as of December 31, 2017 (by 15.1%), representing the assets of the newly acquired subsidiaries as well as the continuing expansion program of the group.

Interest-bearing Loans and Borrowings, both current and non-current, was up by 6.8% from \$\mathbb{P}\$28.171 billion as of December 31, 2017 to \$\mathbb{P}\$30.619 billion as of June 30, 2018. The increment of \$\mathbb{P}\$1.950 billion was from the availment of new loans during the quarter to finance various capital expenditures as well as working capital requirements of the new subsidiaries.

Trade and Other Payables decreased by 28.3% from ₱3.833 billion as of December 31, 2017 to ₱2.746 billion as of June 30, 2018 due to on-time settlement of the obligations and timing of purchases arrival.

Total Stockholders' Equity increased to ₱12.761 billion as of June 30, 2018 from ₱11.952 billion as of December 31, 2017, (by 6.8%) resulting from the earnings generated during the period. This was partly offset by the declaration of cash dividends for both common and preferred shares. In addition, new stocks were issued in relation to the Company's Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOP).

Key Performance Indicators and Relevant Ratios

The Group's key performance indicators and relevant ratios and how they are computed are listed below:

	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>December 31, 2017</u>
Current Ratio ¹	1.17:1	1.22:1
Debt to Equity Ratio ²	2.61:1	2.72:1
Net Book Value per Share ⁴	8.86:1	8.33:1
Debt to Equity Interest-Bearing ⁵	2.35:1	2.36:1
Earnings per Share ⁶	0.61*	1.16**

Notes:

- 1 Total current assets divided by current liabilities
- 2 Total liabilities divided by tangible net worth
- 3 Period or Year Net income divided by average total stockholders' equity
- 4 Total stockholder's equity (net of Preferred) divided by the total number of shares issued and outstanding
- 5 Interest Bearing Debts divided by Total stockholder's equity (net of Preferred)
- 6 Period or Year Net income after tax divided by weighted average number of outstanding common shares
- * Two (2) quarters figure
- ** One (1) year figure

These key indicators were chosen to provide management with a measure of the Group's financial strength (Current Ratio and Debt to Equity) and the Group's ability to maximize the value of its stockholders' investment in the Group (Return on Equity, Net Book Value Per Share and Earnings Per Share). Likewise, these ratios are used to compare the Group's performance with similar companies.

Material (5% or more) Changes to the Group's Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2018 vs. December 31, 2017

57.9% increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Increased cash inflow due to the 113.1% increase in revenue compared to the previous period.

63.2% increase in Trade Receivables

A result of the 113.1 % increase in revenue this period compared to the previous period.

48.9% decrease in Inventory

This is the normal minimum inventory requirement given the current growth in revenue.

44.3% decrease in Net Input Vat

In relation to the normalized inventory movement.

73.2% increase in Prepayments and other current assets

Due to the renewal of insurances of all the assets, prepaid rentals advertising and other services and acquisitions which will cover the entire year evenly.

15.1% increase in PPE

Due to new additional expansions, new acquisitions, retail and depot facilities.

6.8% increase in intangible assets

Additions from a newly acquired subsidiary – PFM related to the franchise fee paid to use Family Mart brand.

12.8% increase in Goodwill

Due to the acquisition of PFM, Think Able and Action Able.

13.6% increase in Deferred Assets - Net

Addition from the acquisition of PFM.

86.4% increase in Other Non-current Assets

Due to the acquisition of PFM.

6.5% increase in Current Interest-bearing loans

Due the reclassification of certain long-term loans which are due for payment this year and new short term loans availed within the period.

28.3% decrease in Trade and Other payables

Due the on-time settlement of the obligations and timing of arrival of purchases.

85.6% decrease in Income Tax payable

Creditable Withholding Tax was offset against the income tax due.

6.4% increase in Non-current Interest-bearing loans

Due the availment of certain long-term loans within the year

25.8% increase in Non-current liabilities

Due the increase security deposits from customers of PPPI and PLPI.

646.5% increase in Accumulated Translation Adjustments

Due to increased assets of the foreign currency denominated subsidiary, Pnx Singapore.

Material (5% or more)changes to the Group's Income Statement as of June 30, 2018 vs. June 30, 2017

113.1% increase in Sale of Goods

Due to the revenues coming from the new subsidiaries namely; PLPI, Duta Group, PFM and Pnx SG, coupled with, higher fuel prices (by 30%) and additional volume sold relative to last year (by 63%). The parent company recorded an 18% improvement on its volume sold this year.

16% increase in fuel service, shipping, storage income, rental income and other revenue This is due to the revenues from the newly acquired subsidiary – PFM.

123.1% increase in Cost of Sales and Services

This mirrors the increase in the sale of goods, reflecting the price movements in the world market during the first half of 2018 which is higher compared to the same period in 2017. The increase in excise taxes to petroleum products also contributed to the increment.

50.8% increase in selling and administrative expenses

This is primarily because of the operating requirements of the new subsidiaries. The expansion program of the group caused higher salaries and wages, depreciation, fuel expenses and other operating expenses. The launching of various advertisements and promotions like PULSE Technology are also factors causing the increment.

97.4% increase in Finance Costs

A substantial portion represents interest from the P6B loan used to acquire Petronas during the last quarter of 2017.

566.3% increase in Finance Income and Others

These pertain to the reversal of certain bad debts, which were collected in 2018, and expenses accrued in the prior years which would no longer be paid.

43.7% increase in Income Tax Expense

Effect of the improvement of the results of operations, net of the ITH.

There are no other material changes in the Group's financial position (5% or more) and condition that will warrant a more detailed discussion. Furthermore, there are no material events and uncertainties known to management that would impact or change the reported financial information and condition of the Group.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

- 1. The Parent Company held its annual stockholders' meeting last March 15, 2018 at the Phoenix Petroleum Corporate Headquarters, Lanang, Davao City, Philippines.
- 2. The Board of Directors approved the declaration of cash dividend of ₱0.15 per share as disclosed last March 15, 2018, with record date of April 2, 2018 and payment date of April 26, 2018.

The company also declared the following cash dividends to preferred stockholders:

- 8.25% to preferred stockholders (2nd tranche) with record date of February 22, 2018 and payment date of March 20, 2018.
- 7.427% dividend to preferred stockholders (3rd tranche PNX3A) with record date February 21, 2018 and payment date of March 19, 2018.

- 8.1078% dividend for preferred stockholders (3rd tranche PNX3B) with record date February 21, 2018 and payment date of March 19, 2018.
- 8.25% to preferred stockholders (2nd tranche) with record date of May 24, 2018 and payment date of June 20, 2018.
- 7.427% dividend to preferred stockholders (3rd tranche PNX3A) with record date May 22, 2018 and payment date of June 18, 2018.
- 8.1078% dividend for preferred stockholders (3rd tranche PNX3B) with record date May 22, 2018 and payment date of June 18, 2018.
- 3. As of June 30, 2018, there are no known trends or demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will result in, or that are reasonably likely to result, in increasing or decreasing the Group's liquidity in any material way. The Group does not anticipate having any cash flow or liquidity issues. The Group is not in default or breach of any note, loan, lease or other indebtedness or financing arrangement requiring it to make payments.
- 4. There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Parent Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.
- 5. There are no material commitments for capital expenditures, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material impact on the continuing operations of the Parent Company.
- 6. There were no seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Parent Company.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Registrant P-H-O-E-N-I-X PETROLEUM PHILIPPINES, INC.

Bv

DENNIS A. UY

President and Chief Executive Officer

MA. CONCEPCION DE CLARO

Chief Finance Officer

JONAREST Z. SIBOG

Controller